

A Guide to Getting Published

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What we wish to achieve by the end of this workshop?

- About Emerald
- Getting started
- How to select the right journal
- Structuring your paper
- The publishing process and surviving peer review
- Polishing
- Publication ethics
- Dissemination and promotion
- Summary and resources





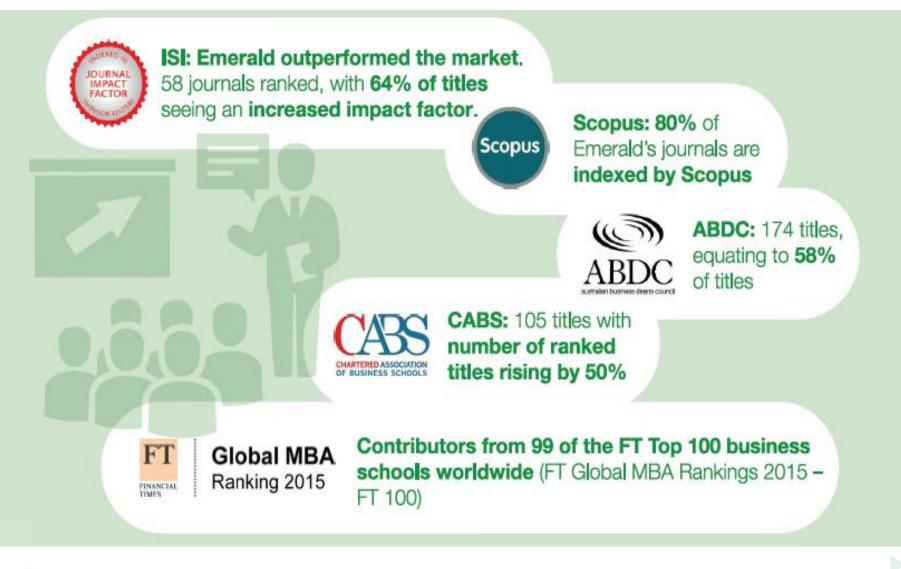
Founded by academics, for academics

- Founded in 1967, West Yorkshire, United Kingdom by academics for academics.
- Over 310 employees
- More than 300 journals and 230 book series
- Dr Keith Howard OBE*, Phd (Bradford), LLD** (Hon)(Leeds), MSc (Leeds), BSc (Hons) (Leeds)





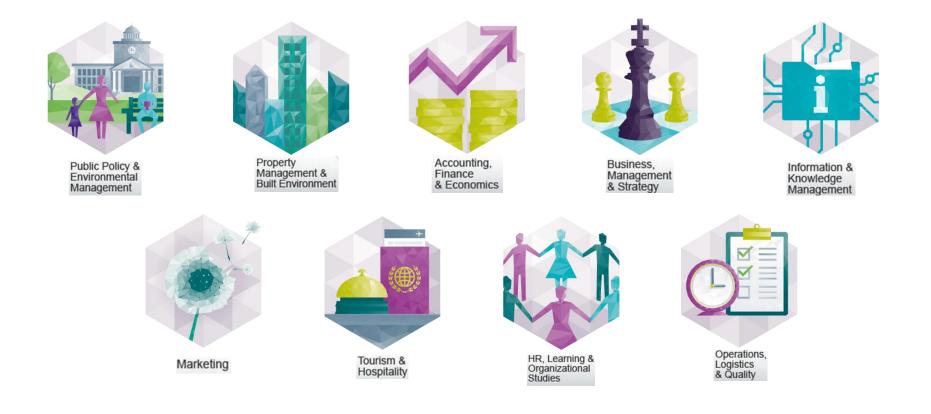
Emerald Quality





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Emerald Publications – Case Studies

Emerging Markets Case Studies

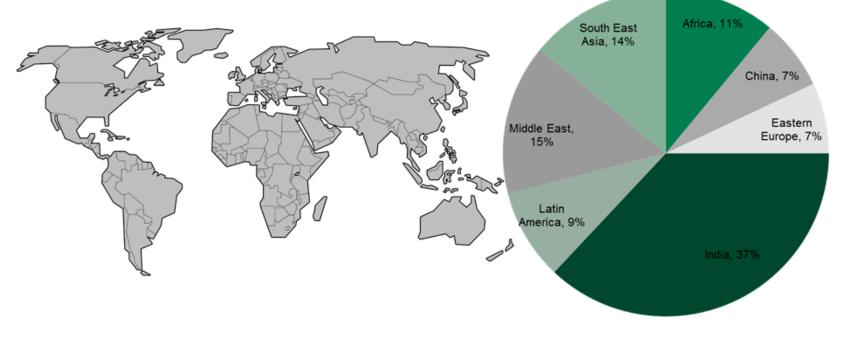




Emerald Publications – Case Studies

Emerging Markets

EEMCS addresses the increasing demand from business educators and practitioners for quality-controlled teaching cases focusing on emerging markets. This growing collection of over **430 case studies** also benefits from regular updates throughout the year with emphasis on the following regions:

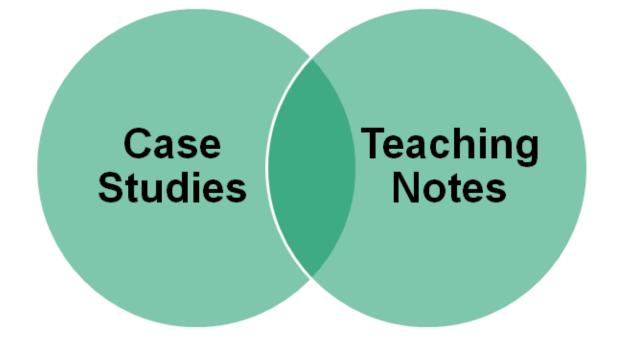




Emerald Publications – Case Studies

Emerging Markets

- □ Heavy focus on <u>Strategy</u>, <u>Entrepreneurship</u>, and <u>Marketing</u>
- Case studies are great for the corporate market as well as academia as they provide examples of real-world scenarios
- All cases come with accompanying <u>teaching notes</u>





Objectives of the session





Developing a Publication Strategy

How to get started

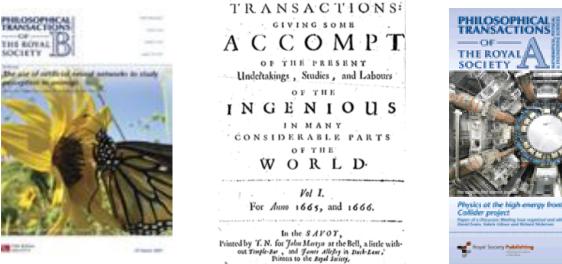
What do I write about – typical examples

- New, interesting or novel results from a completed project
- A problem with no clear solution
- An opinion or observation on a subject
- A review of existing literature
- Presentation, briefing or conference paper
- Doctoral or Master's thesis
- New idea or initiative





Which conversation do you want to be a part of?



PHILOSOPHICAL

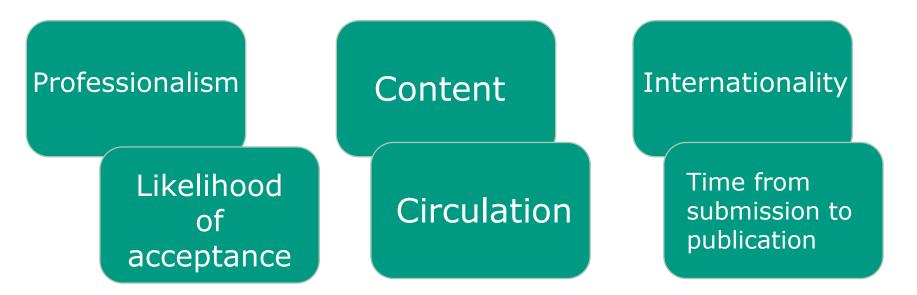


Develop a publication strategy – you may not get published in a top journal straight away.



How to select the "right" journal?

Choosing a journal to publish in is an investment decision. A good choice can enhance the impact of your work and your reputation



Be political (e.g. national vs. international) and strategic (e.g. five articles in 'low ranked' journals vs. one in 'top ranked' journal)



Which journal should you submit to?

Identify a few possible target journals/series but be realistic

Follow the Author Guidelines – scope, type of paper, word length, references style

Send an outline or abstract to the Editor and ask if the paper looks suitable

Read at least one issue of the publication – visit your library for access



What other criteria are there?

Citations are good but they are not everything...

Other important factors:

- **Frequency of publication**
- Internationality
- Likelihood of acceptance

Thematic match

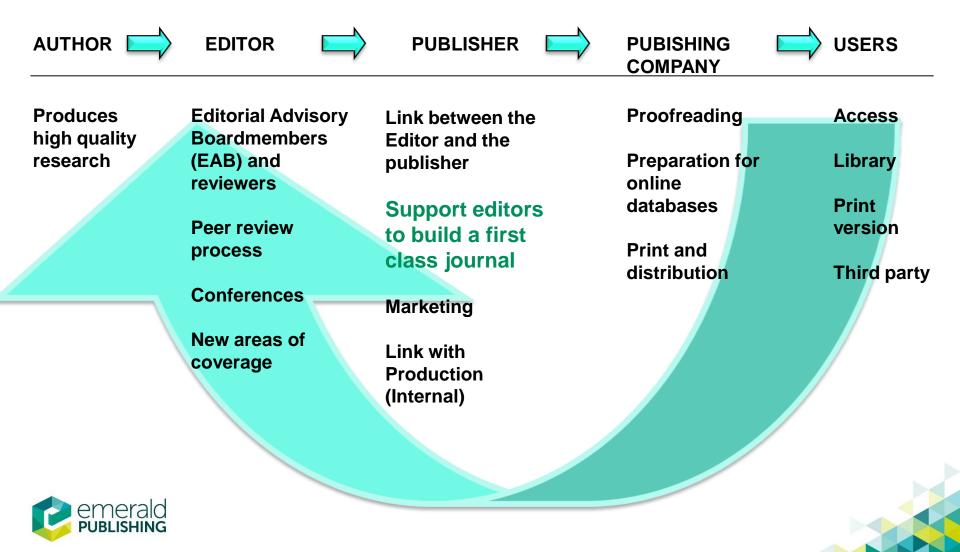






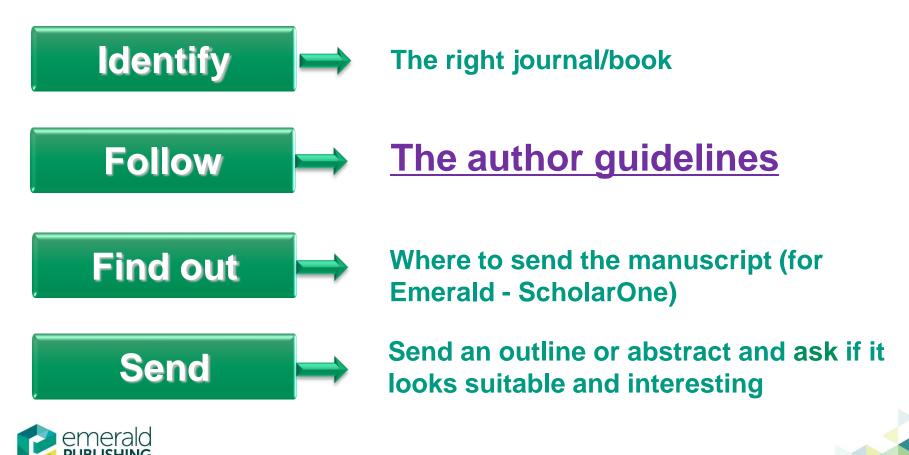
The publishing process and surviving peer review

The Editorial Process



How to avoid desk rejection

"Many papers are rejected simply because they don't fulfill journal requirements. They don't even go into the review process."



Desk rejection: how to avoid



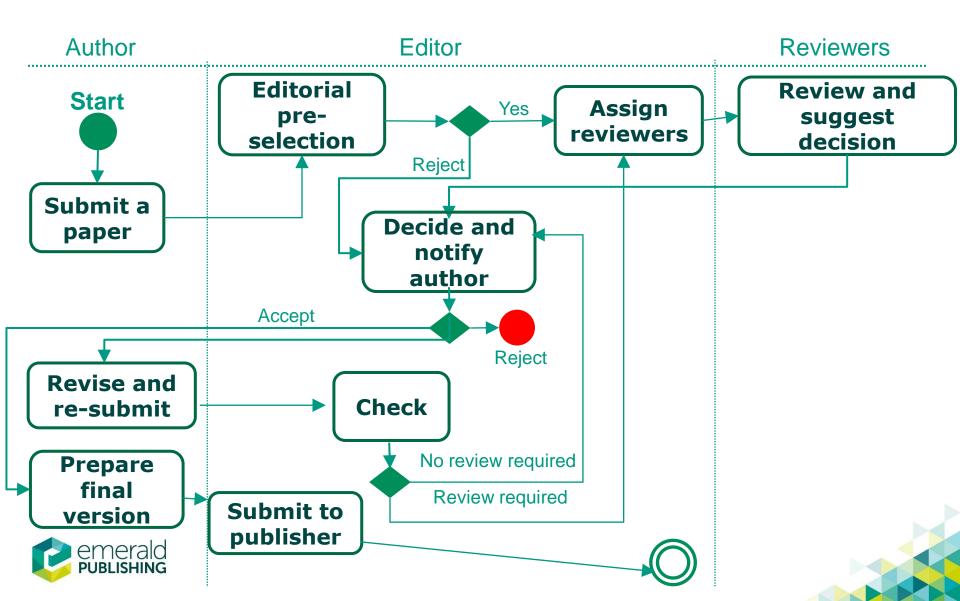
at least one issue of the publication – visit your library for access



a cover letter – opportunity to speak directly to the editor, convince them of the importance of your manuscript to the journal



The editorial process



Peer Review

Single Blind Review

The names of the reviewers are hidden from the author.

Double Blind Review

Both the reviewer and the author remain anonymous.

Open Review

Reviewer and author are known to each other.



Surviving peer review

- Identify a few possible target journals but be realistic
- Follow the Author Guidelines scope, type of paper, word length, references style, etc.
- Find out where to send your paper (editor, online submission e.g. Scholar One). Check author guidelines which can be found on the publisher's website
- Send an outline or abstract and ask if this looks suitable and interesting
- **Read** at least one issue of the publication
- Include a cover letter opportunity to speak directly to the editor, convince him/her of the importance of your manuscript



Revision tips

- Acknowledge the editor and set a revision deadline
- If you disagree with proposed revisions, explain why
- Clarify understanding if in doubt
- Consult with colleagues or co-authors
- Meet the revision deadline
- Attach a covering letter which identifies, point by point, how revision requests have been met (or if not, why not)



Typical criticisms

Paper motivation

- Is there really a gap in our understanding? Did it need filling?

Theory development

- Theory by assertion, or reinvention of existing theory.

Empirical work is weak

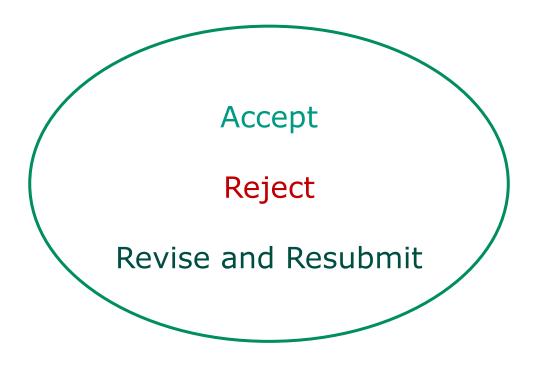
- Methodology not plausible, tests don't rule out alternative hypotheses.

`So what'?

- A well-constructed paper, but not particularly insightful.



Possible Decisions



A request for Revise and Resubmit revision is

GOOD NEWS!

It is the heart and soul of the scholarly process.



Author Guidelines – essential points

- Grammar, spelling and punctuation
- Flow, transition, sense
- **Typography**
- Accuracy of any mathematical or statistical content
- Accuracy of references
- **Consistency of manuscript**







Polishing

What makes a good paper?

- 1. Originality what's new about subject, treatment or results?
- **2. Relevance** to and extension of existing knowledge
- 3. Research **methodology** are conclusions valid and objective?
- **4. Clarity, structure and quality of writing** does it communicate well?
- 5. Sound, logical progression of argument
- 6. Theoretical and practical implications (the `so what?' factors)
- 7. Recency and relevance of **references**
- 8. Internationality / Global focus
- **9. Adherence to the editorial scope and objectives** of the journal

10.A good title, keywords and a well written abstract



Publication ethics

- Don't submit to more than one journal at once competing journals regularly share information
- Don't count on referees to give you tutoring you shouldn't submit just to get feedback on your paper
- Seek agreement between authors make sure everyone on the research team knows about the article
- Remember Emerald authors and editors are supported by the Committee on Publication Ethics (<u>COPE</u>)

www.publicationethics.org





Sustainable Supply Chain Management

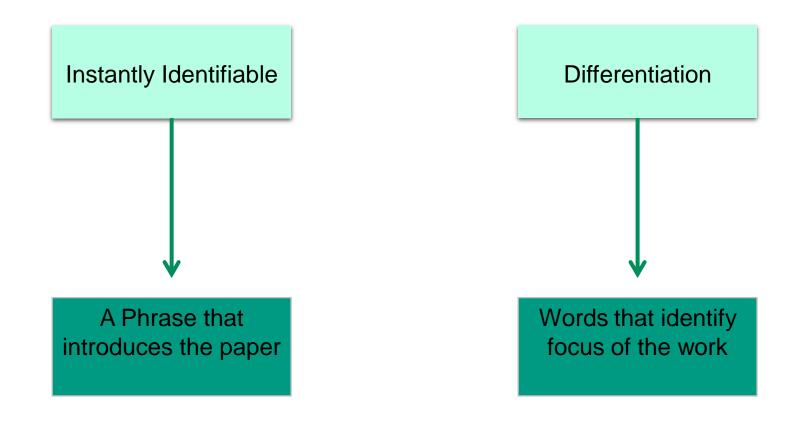
Green is the New Gold





Titles: Subtitles

Be clear and concise



reflect the content





Writing a Compelling Abstract

- Be explicit about what a reader will gain or learn from the article and why it is new.
- Proofread it!

Remember that competition is fierce! Academics are in competition with one another for the same readers, it's no longer sufficient to just write the article and hope the work speaks for itself.





Abstracts – a way to promote

Abstract:

Purpose

 Information and communication technology (ICT) is a key enabler for new product- and process-oriented services. The purpose of this paper is to investigate how ICT can enable service differentiation and, in doing so, act as a catalyst for a service business orientation.

Design/methodology/approach

The paper is based on a qualitative, multi-case research design with eight multinational goods manufacturers.

Findings

 The paper identifies two distinct types of service-oriented differentiation: services in support of the product (SSP) and services in support of the client's actions (SSC). The study finds that SSC have the largest positive impact on firms' service business orientation.

Research limitations/implications

 Western firms in a limited sample of industries are studied. Furthermore, the service business orientation construct does not include any measurements of service profitability or impact on overall competitive advantage.

Practical implications

– To various extents, successful firms are likely to pursue both SSP and SSC differentiation traits through ICT. The two options are interdependent and the framework presented helps managers to understand both key specificities and their interrelatedness.

Originality/value

- The study contributes to theory on service strategies by specifically focusing on the enabling role of ICT for new services and its effects on each of the three dimensions of the service business orientation construct.

Keywords: Industrial services, Information technology, Communication technologies, Management strategy, Service business orientation, Service orientation, Differentiation, Servitization

Type: Research paper

Publisher: Emerald Group Publishing Limited

emerald PUBLISHING Christian Kowalkowski, Daniel Kindström, Heiko Gebauer, (2013) "ICT as a catalyst for service business orientation", Journal of Business & Industrial Marketing, Vol. 28 Iss: 6, pp.506 - 513

Don't give up...

